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OFFICE WEST VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE

WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

SECOND REGULAR SESSION, 2014

ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR

House Bill No. 4012

(By Delegates P. Smith, R. Phillips, Ellington, Ferro, Reynolds, Skinner and Storch)

Passed March 6, 2014

In effect July 1, 2014.



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OFFICE WEST VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

H. B. 4012

(BY DELEGATES P. SMITH, R. PHILLIPS, ELLINGTON, FERRO, REYNOLDS, SKINNER AND STORCH)

[Passed March 6, 2014; in effect July 1, 2014.]

AN ACT to repeal \$29-4-3, \$29-4-4. \$29-4-5, \$29-4-6. \$29-4-7, \$29-4-8, \$29-4-12, \$29-4-13, \$29-4-14, \$29-4-15 and \$29-4-16 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended: to repeal \$29C-1-101, \$29C-1-102, \$29C-1-103, \$29C-1-104, \$29C-1-105, \$29C-1-106, \$29C-1-107, \$29C-2-201, \$29C-2-202, \$29C-2-203, \$29C-2-204, \$29C-2-205, \$29C-2-206, \$29C-2-207, \$29C-2-208, \$29C-2-301, \$29C-3-101, \$29C-3-102, \$29C-4-101, \$29C-4-102, \$29C-4-103, \$29C-4-104, \$29C-4-201, \$29C-4-202, \$29C-4-203, \$29C-4-301, \$29C-4-401, \$29C-4-402, \$29C-4-403, \$29C-4-404, \$29C-4-405, \$29C-5-101, \$29C-5-102, \$29C-5-103, \$29C-5-104, \$29C-6-101, \$29C-6-102, \$29C-6-201, \$29C-6-202, \$29C-6-203, \$29C-6-204, \$29C-7-101, \$29C-7-201, \$29C-7-202, \$29C-8-101 and \$29C-9-101 of said code; to repeal \$39-1A-1, \$39-1A-2, \$39-1A-3, \$39-1A-4, \$39-1A-5, \$39-1A-6, \$39-1A-7, \$39-1A-8 and \$39-1A-9, of said code; to amend and reenact

thereto a new article, designated §39-4-1, §39-4-2, §39-4-3, §39-4-4, §39-4-5, §39-4-6, §39-4-7, §39-4-8, §39-4-9, §39-4-10, §39-4-11, §39-4-12, §39-4-13, §39-4-14, §39-4-15, §39-4-16, §39-4-17, §39-4-18, §39-4-19, §39-4-20, §39-4-21, §39-4-22, §39-4-23, §39-4-24, §39-4-25, §39-4-26, §39-4-27, §39-4-28, §39-4-29, §39-4-30, §39-4-31, §39-4-32, §39-4-33, §39-4-34, §39-4-35 and §39-4-36; to amend and reenact §57-4-2 of said code; to amend and reenact §57-5-9 of said code; and to amend and reenact §59-1-2 of said code, all relating to the Revised Uniform Law on Notarial Acts; establishing the effective date of the article; establishing an operative date of enactment and the effect on existing law; establishing the authority to perform notarial acts; establishing requirements for certain notarial acts; requiring a personal appearance and the identification of an individual; authorizing the right to refuse to perform a notarial act; establishing instructions for obtaining a signature if an individual is unable to sign; setting forth who may perform a notarial act in this state; establishing notarial reciprocity with other states, any federally recognized Indian tribe, the federal government, and foreign states; requiring a certificate for a notarial act; authorizing short form certificates; requiring an official stamp and the maintenance and disposition of a stamping device; authorizing notaries public the option of selecting a technology for use in notarial acts on electronic records; establishing minimum qualifications and authorizing the commissioning of notaries public; providing grounds to deny, refuse to renew, revoke, suspend, or condition commissions of notaries public; requiring Secretary of State to maintain a database of notaries public; prohibiting certain acts; authorizing the validity of notarial acts; authorizing the Secretary of State to promulgate rules; authorizing the continuation of a commission in effect on the effective date of the act; providing that any notarial act performed before the effective date of the act is not invalidated by the act; providing for the uniformity of the application and construction of the act; clarifying the relationship to the Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act; establishing maximum fees that may

be charged by a notary public; commissioning notaries public for state and local government; establishing civil liability and criminal penalties; authorizing injunctive relief; authorizing the Secretary of State to investigate complaints; requiring the Secretary of State to maintain certain records: establishing an application fee; providing for the disposition of fees; repealing statutes regulating notaries public and commissioners including the Uniform Notary Act; repealing the Uniform Recognition of Acknowledgments Act; and removing obsolete references.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §29-4-3, §29-4-4, §29-4-5, §29-4-6, §29-4-7, §29-4-8, §29-4-12, §29-4-13, §29-4-14, §29-4-15 and §29-4-16 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be repealed; that §29C-1-101, §29C-1-102, §29C-1-103, §29C-1-104, §29C-1-105, §29C-1-106, §29C-1-107, §29C-2-201, §29C-2-202, §29C-2-203, §29C-2-204, §29C-2-205, §29C-2-206, §29C-2-207, §29C-2-208, §29C-2-301, §29C-3-101, §29C-3-102, §29C-4-101, §29C-4-102, §29C-4-103, §29C-4-104. §29C-4-201, §29C-4-202, §29C-4-203. §29C-4-301. \$29C-4-401, \$29C-4-402, \$29C-4-403, \$29C-4-404, \$29C-4-405, \$29C-5-101, \$29C-5-102, \$29C-5-103, \$29C-5-104, \$29C-6-101, \$29C-6-102, \$29C-6-103, \$29C-6-201, \$29C-6-202, \$29C-6-203, §29C-6-204, §29C-7-101, §29C-7-201, §29C-7-202, §29C-8-101 and §29C-9-101 of said code be repealed; that §39-1A-1, §39-1A-2, §39-1A-3, §39-1A-4, §39-1A-5, §39-1A-6, §39-1A-7, §39-1A-8 and §39-1A-9 of said code be repealed; that §39-1-4 and §39-1-5 of said code be amended and reenacted; that said code be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated §39-4-1, §39-4-2, §39-4-3, §39-4-4, §39-4-5, §39-4-6, §39-4-7, §39-4-8, §39-4-9, §39-4-10, §39-4-11, §39-4-12, §39-4-13, §39-4-14, §39-4-15, §39-4-16, §39-4-17, §39-4-18, §39-4-19, §39-4-20, §39-4-21, §39-4-22, §39-4-23, §39-4-24, §39-4-25, §39-4-26, §39-4-27, §39-4-28, §39-4-29, §39-4-30, §39-4-31, §39-4-32, §39-4-33, §39-4-34, §39-4-35 and §39-4-36; that §57-4-2 of said code be amended and reenacted; that §57-5-9 of said code be amended and reenacted and that §59-1-2 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

CHAPTER 39. RECORDS AND PAPERS.

ARTICLE 1. AUTHENTICATION AND RECORD OF WRITINGS.

§39-1-4. Form of certificate of acknowledgment.

1 2	The certificate of acknowledgment mentioned in the preceding section may be in form or effect as follows:
3	State (territory or district) of, county of
4	, to wit:
5	I,, recorder of said municipality; or I,, a
6	notary public of said county; or I,, a clerk of the
7	court of said county; (or other officer or person
8	authorized to take acknowledgments by section three of this
9	article, as the case may be), do certify that,
10	whose name (or names) is (or are) signed to the writing above
11	(or hereto annexed) bearing date on the day of,
12	20, has (or have) this day acknowledged the same before
13	me, in my said
14	Given under my hand this day of, 20
§39-	1-5. Acknowledgment by husband and wife.
1	When a husband and wife have signed a writing purporting
2	to sell or convey real estate, the wife may acknowledge the same
3	together with, or separately from her husband. Either the
4	husband or the wife may sign and acknowledge the writing
5	before the other has signed or acknowledged it. If both
6	acknowledge the writing at the same time, the certificate of the
7	acknowledgments may be in form or effect as follows:
8	State (territory or district) of county of, to wit:
9	I,, a notary public of the said county of; or I,
10	, clerk of the court or county of; (or other
11	officer or person authorized to take acknowledgments by section

12	three of this article, as the case may be),* do certify and
13	his or her wife whose names are signed to the writing
14	above (or hereto annexed) bearing date the day of,
15	20, have this day acknowledged the same before me in my
16	said
17	Given under my hand this day of, 20
18	If the husband or wife acknowledge a deed or other writing
19	separately from the other, the certificate of acknowledgment
20	after the star in the foregoing form shall be in form or effect as
21	follows: do certify that, the wife of (or the
22	husband of, as the case may be), whose name is signed to
23	the writing above (or hereto annexed) bearing date the day
24	of, 20, has this day acknowledged the same before me
25	in my said
26	Given under my hand this day of, 20
ARTI	CLE 4. REVISED UNIFORM LAW ON NOTARIAL ACTS.
§39-	4-1. Short title.
1	This article may be cited as the Revised Uniform Law on
2	Notarial Acts.
§39-	4-2. Definitions.
1	In this article:
2	(1) "Acknowledgment" means a declaration by an individual
3	before a notarial officer that the individual has signed a record

8 (2) "Electronic" means relating to technology having 9 electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic or 10 similar capabilities.

7 entity identified in the record.

for the purpose stated in the record and, if the record is signed in
a representative capacity, that the individual signed the record
with proper authority and signed it as the act of the individual or

- 11 (3) "Electronic signature" means an electronic symbol,
- 12 sound or process attached to or logically associated with a record
- 13 and executed or adopted by an individual with the intent to sign
- 14 the record.
- 15 (4) "In a representative capacity" means acting as:
- 16 (A) An authorized officer, agent, partner, trustee or other 17 representative for a person other than an individual;
- 18 (B) A public officer, personal representative, guardian or 19 other representative, in the capacity stated in a record;
- 20 (C) An agent or attorney-in-fact for a principal; or
- 21 (D) An authorized representative of another in any other 22 capacity.
- 23 (5) "Notarial act" means an act, whether performed with respect to a tangible or electronic record, that a notarial officer
- 25 may perform under the law of this state. The term includes
- 26 taking an acknowledgment. administering an oath or affirmation,
- 27 taking a verification on oath or affirmation, witnessing or
- 28 attesting a signature, certifying or attesting a copy, and noting a
- 29 protest of a negotiable instrument.
- 30 (6) "Notarial officer" means a notary public or other 31 individual authorized to perform a notarial act.
- 32 (7) "Notary public" means an individual commissioned to 33 perform a notarial act by the West Virginia Secretary of State.
- 34 (8) "Official stamp" means a physical image affixed to or 35 embossed on a tangible record or an electronic image attached to 36 or logically associated with an electronic record.
- 37 (9) "Person" means an individual, corporation, business 38 trust, statutory trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability

- 39 company, association, joint venture, public corporation,
- 40 government or governmental subdivision, agency or
- 41 instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity.
- 42 (10) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a
- 43 tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other
- 44 medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
- 45 (11) "Sign" means, with present intent to authenticate or
- 46 adopt a record:
- 47 (A) To execute or adopt a tangible symbol; or
- 48 (B) To attach to or logically associate with the record an
- 49 electronic symbol, sound or process.
- 50 (12) "Signature" means a tangible symbol or an electronic
- 51 signature that evidences the signing of a record.
- 52 (13) "Stamping device" means:
- 53 (A) A physical device capable of affixing to or embossing on
- 54 a tangible record an official stamp; or
- 55 (B) An electronic device or process capable of attaching to
- 56 or logically associating with an electronic record an official
- 57 stamp.
- 58 (14) "State" means a state of the United States, the District
- 59 of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands or
- 60 any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of
- 61 the United States.
- 62 (15) "Verification on oath or affirmation" means a
- 63 declaration, made by an individual on oath or affirmation before
- 64 a notarial officer, that a statement in a record is true.

§39-4-3. Applicability; operative date of enactment; effect on existing law.

- 1 (a) This article applies to a notarial act performed on or after 2 July 1, 2014.
- 3 (b) The repeal of chapter twenty-nine-c of this code and the
- 4 repeal of articles four, chapter twenty-nine and one-a, chapter
- 5 thirty-nine of this code and the amendment and reenactment of
- 6 section two, article one, chapter fifty-nine of this code, pursuant
- 7 to the provisions of Enrolled House Bill No. 4012, as enacted by
- 8 the Legislature during the regular session, 2014, are operative on
- 9 June 30, 2014. The prior enactments of chapter twenty-nine-c;
- 10 articles four, chapter twenty-nine and one-a, chapter thirty-nine;
- 11 and section two, article one, chapter fifty-nine of this code,
- 12 whether amended and reenacted or repealed by the passage of
- 13 Enrolled House Bill No. 4012, have full force and effect until the
- 14 provisions of Enrolled House Bill No. 4012, are operative on
- 15 June 30, 2014, unless after the effective date of Enrolled House
- 16 Bill No. 4012, and prior to the operative date of June 30, 2014,
- 17 the provisions of Enrolled House Bill No. 4012, are otherwise
- 18 repealed or amended and reenacted.

§39-4-4. Authority to perform notarial act.

- 1 (a) A notarial officer may perform a notarial act authorized
- 2 by this article or by law of this state other than this article.
- 3 (b) A notarial officer may not perform a notarial act with
- 4 respect to a record to which the officer or the officer's spouse is
- 5 a party, or in which either of them has a direct beneficial interest,
- 6 financial or otherwise. A notarial act performed in violation of
- 7 this subsection is voidable.

§39-4-5. Requirements for certain notarial acts.

- 1 (a) A notarial officer who takes an acknowledgment of a
- 2 record shall determine, from personal knowledge or satisfactory
- 3 evidence of the identity of the individual, that the individual

- 4 appearing before the officer and making the acknowledgment
- 5 has the identity claimed and that the signature on the record is
- 6 the signature of the individual.
- (b) A notarial officer who takes a verification of a statement on oath or affirmation shall determine, from personal knowledge or satisfactory evidence of the identity of the individual, that the individual appearing before the officer and making the verification has the identity claimed and that the signature on the statement verified is the signature of the individual.
- 13 (c) A notarial officer who witnesses or attests to a signature 14 shall determine, from personal knowledge or satisfactory 15 evidence of the identity of the individual, that the individual 16 appearing before the officer and signing the record has the 17 identity claimed.
- 18 (d) A notarial officer who certifies or attests a copy of a 19 record or an item that was copied shall determine that the copy 20 is a full, true and accurate transcription or reproduction of the 21 record or item.
- 22 (e) A notarial officer who makes or notes a protest of a 23 negotiable instrument shall determine the matters set forth in 24 subsection (b), section five hundred five, article three, chapter 25 forty-six of this code.

§39-4-6. Personal appearance required.

- 1 If a notarial act relates to a statement made in or a signature
- 2 executed on a record, the individual making the statement or
- 3 executing the signature shall appear personally before the
- 4 notarial officer. An individual making the statement or executing
- 5 the signature does not appear personally if the appearance is by
- 6 video or audio technology, even if the video is synchronous.

§39-4-7. Identification of individual.

- 1 (a) A notarial officer has personal knowledge of the identity
- 2 of an individual appearing before the officer if the individual is

- 3 personally known to the officer through dealings sufficient to
- 4 provide reasonable certainty that the individual has the identity
- 5 claimed
- 6 (b) A notarial officer has satisfactory evidence of the identity
- 7 of an individual appearing before the officer if the officer can
- 8 identify the individual:
- 9 (1) By means of:
- 10 (A) A passport, driver's license or government issued
- 11 nondriver identification card, which is current or expired not
- 12 more than three years before performance of the notarial act; or
- 13 (B) Another form of government identification issued to an
- 14 individual, which is current or expired not more than three years
- 15 before performance of the notarial act, contains the signature or
- 16 a photograph of the individual and is satisfactory to the officer;
- 17 o
- 18 (2) By a verification on oath or affirmation of a credible
- 19 witness personally appearing before the officer and known to the
- 20 officer or whom the officer can identify on the basis of a
- 21 passport, driver's license or government issued nondriver
- 22 identification card, which is current or expired not more than
- 23 three years before performance of the notarial act.
- 24 (c) A notarial officer may require an individual to provide
- 25 additional information or identification credentials necessary to
- 26 assure the officer of the identity of the individual.

§39-4-8. Authority to refuse to perform notarial act.

- 1 (a) A notarial officer may refuse to perform a notarial act if
- 2 the officer is not satisfied that:
- 3 (1) The individual executing the record is competent or has
- 4 the capacity to execute the record; or

- 5 (2) The individual's signature is knowingly and voluntarily 6 made.
- 7 (b) A notarial officer may refuse to perform a notarial act unless refusal is prohibited by law other than this article.

§39-4-9. Signature if individual is unable to sign.

- If an individual is physically unable to sign a record, the
- 2 individual may direct an individual other than the notarial officer
- 3 to sign the individual's name on the record. The notarial officer
- 4 shall insert "Signature affixed by (name of other individual) at
- 5 the direction of (name of individual)" or words of similar import.

§39-4-10. Notarial act in this state.

- 1 (a) A notarial act may be performed in this state by:
- 2 (1) A notary public of this state;
- 3 (2) A judge, clerk or deputy clerk of a court of this state; or
- 4 (3) Any other individual authorized to perform the specific
- 5 act by the law of this state.
- 6 (b) The signature and title of an individual performing a
- 7 notarial act in this state are prima facie evidence that the
- 8 signature is genuine and that the individual holds the designated
- 9 title.
- 10 (c) The signature and title of a notarial officer described in
- 11 subdivision (1) or (2), subsection (a) of this section, conclusively
- 12 establish the authority of the officer to perform the notarial act.

§39-4-11. Notarial act in another state.

- (a) A notarial act performed in another state has the same
- 2 effect under the law of this state as if performed by a notarial
- 3 officer of this state, if the act performed in that state is
- 4 performed by:

- 5 (1) A notary public of that state;
- 6 (2) A judge, clerk or deputy clerk of a court of that state; or
- 7 (3) Any other individual authorized by the law of that state
- 8 to perform the notarial act.
- 9 (b) The signature and title of an individual performing a
- 10 notarial act in another state are prima facie evidence that the
- 11 signature is genuine and that the individual holds the designated
- 12 title
- 13 (c) The signature and title of a notarial officer described in
- 14 subdivision (1) or (2), subsection (a) of this section, conclusively
- 15 establish the authority of the officer to perform the notarial act.

§39-4-12. Notarial act under authority of federally recognized Indian tribe.

- 1 (a) A notarial act performed under the authority and in the
- 2 jurisdiction of a federally recognized Indian tribe has the same
- effect as if performed by a notarial officer of this state, if the act
- 4 performed in the jurisdiction of the tribe is performed by:
- 5 (1) A notary public of the tribe;
- 6 (2) A judge, clerk or deputy clerk of a court of the tribe; or
- 7 (3) Any other individual authorized by the law of the tribe to 8 perform the notarial act.
- 9 (b) The signature and title of an individual performing a
- 10 notarial act under the authority of and in the jurisdiction of a
- 11 federally recognized Indian tribe are prima facie evidence that
- 12 the signature is genuine and that the individual holds the
- 13 designated title.
- 14 (c) The signature and title of a notarial officer described in
- 15 subdivision (1) or (2), subsection (a) of this section, conclusively
- 16 establish the authority of the officer to perform the notarial act.

§39-4-13. Notarial act under federal authority.

- 1 (a) A notarial act performed under federal law has the same
- 2 effect under the law of this state as if performed by a notarial
- 3 officer of this state, if the act performed under federal law is
- 4 performed by:
- 5 (1) A judge, clerk or deputy clerk of a court;
- 6 (2) An individual in military service or performing duties
- 7 under the authority of military service who is authorized to
- 8 perform notarial acts under federal law;
- 9 (3) An individual designated a notarizing officer by the
- 10 United States Department of State for performing notarial acts
- 11 overseas; or
- 12 (4) Any other individual authorized by federal law to
- 13 perform the notarial act.
- 14 (b) The signature and title of an individual acting under
- 15 federal authority and performing a notarial act are prima facie
- 16 evidence that the signature is genuine and that the individual
- 17 holds the designated title.
- 18 (c) The signature and title of an officer described in
- 19 subdivision (1), (2) or (3), subsection (a) of this section,
- 20 conclusively establish the authority of the officer to perform the
- 21 notarial act.

§39-4-14. Foreign notarial act.

- (a) In this section, "foreign state" means a government other
- 2 than the United States, a state or a federally recognized Indian
- 3 tribe.
- 4 (b) If a notarial act is performed under authority and in the
- 5 jurisdiction of a foreign state or constituent unit of the foreign

- 6 state or is performed under the authority of a multinational or
- 7 international governmental organization, the act has the same
- 8 effect under the law of this state as if performed by a notarial
- 9 officer of this state.
- 10 (c) If the title of office and indication of authority to perform
- 11 notarial acts in a foreign state appears in a digest of foreign law
- 12 or in a list customarily used as a source for that information, the
- 13 authority of an officer with that title to perform notarial acts is
- 14 conclusively established.
- 15 (d) The signature and official stamp of an individual holding
- 16 an office described in subsection (c) of this section are prima
 - 7 facie evidence that the signature is genuine and the individual
- 18 holds the designated title.
- 19 (e) An apostille in the form prescribed by the Hague
- 20 Convention of October 5, 1961, and issued by a foreign state
- 21 party to the Convention conclusively establishes that the
- 22 signature of the notarial officer is genuine and that the officer
- 23 holds the indicated office.
- 24 (f) A consular authentication issued by an individual
- 25 designated by the United States Department of State as a
- 26 notarizing officer for performing notarial acts overseas and
- 27 attached to the record with respect to which the notarial act is
- 28 performed conclusively establishes that the signature of the
- 29 notarial officer is genuine and that the officer holds the indicated
- 30 office.

§39-4-15. Certificate of notarial act.

- 1 (a) A notarial act must be evidenced by a certificate. The
- 2 certificate must:
- 3 (1) Be executed contemporaneously with the performance of
- 4 the notarial act;

- 5 (2) Be signed and dated by the notarial officer and, if the 6 notarial officer is a notary public, be signed in the same manner 7 as on file with the Secretary of State;
- 8 (3) Identify the jurisdiction in which the notarial act is 9 performed;
- 10 (4) Contain the title of office of the notarial officer; and
- 11 (5) If the notarial officer is a notary public, indicate the date 12 of expiration, if any, of the officer's commission.
- 13 (b) If a notarial act regarding a tangible record is performed by a notary public, an official stamp must be affixed to the 14 certificate. If a notarial act is performed regarding a tangible record by a notarial officer other than a notary public and the certificate contains the information specified in subdivisions (2). 17 18 (3) and (4), subsection (a) of this section, an official stamp may 19 be affixed to the certificate. If a notarial act regarding an 20 electronic record is performed by a notarial officer and the 21 certificate contains the information specified in said 22 subdivisions, an official stamp may be attached to or logically 23 associated with the certificate.
- 24 (c) A certificate of a notarial act is sufficient if it meets the 25 requirements of subsections (a) and (b) and:
- 26 (1) Is in a short form set forth in section sixteen of this 27 article:
- 28 (2) Is in a form otherwise permitted by the law of this state;
- 29 (3) Is in a form permitted by the law applicable in the 30 jurisdiction in which the notarial act was performed; or
- 31 (4) Sets forth the actions of the notarial officer and the 32 actions are sufficient to meet the requirements of the notarial act 33 as provided in sections five, six and seven of this article or law 34 of this state other than this article.

- 35 (d) By executing a certificate of a notarial act, a notarial
- 36 officer certifies that the officer has complied with the
- 37 requirements and made the determinations specified in sections
- 38 four, five and six of this article.
- 39 (e) A notarial officer may not affix the officer's signature to,
- 40 or logically associate it with, a certificate until the notarial act
- 41 has been performed.
- 42 (f) If a notarial act is performed regarding a tangible record,
- 43 a certificate must be part of, or securely attached to, the record.
- 44 If a notarial act is performed regarding an electronic record, the
- 45 certificate must be affixed to or logically associated with, the
- 46 electronic record. If the Secretary of State has established
- 47 standards pursuant to section twenty-five of this article, for
- 48 attaching, affixing, or logically associating the certificate, the
- 49 process must conform to the standards.

§39-4-16. Short form certificates.

- 1 The following short form certificates of notarial acts are
- 2 sufficient for the purposes indicated, if completed with the
- 3 information required by subsections (a) and (b), section fifteen
- 4 of this article:
- 5 (1) For an acknowledgment in an individual capacity:
- 6 State of
- 7 County of
- 8 This record was acknowledged before me on [Date] by
- 9[Name(s) of individual(s)]
- 10
- 11 Signature of notarial officer
- 12 Stamp

13	
14	Title of office
15	My commission expires:
16	(2) For an acknowledgment in a representative capacity:
17	State of
18	County of
19 20 21 22 23	This record was acknowledged before me on
24	
25	Signature of notarial officer
26	Stamp
27	
28	Title of office
29	My commission expires:
30	(3) For a verification on oath or affirmation:
31	State of
32	County of
33 34 35	Signed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me on

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36	
37	Signature of notarial officer
38	Stamp
39	
40	Title of office
41	My commission expires:
42	(4) For witnessing or attesting a signature:
43	State of
44	County of
45 46 47	Signed or attested before me on
48	
49	Signature of notarial officer
50	Stamp
51	
52	Title of office
53	My commission expires:
54	(5) For certifying a copy of a record:
55	State of
56	County of

57 58	I certify that this is a true and correct copy of a record in the possession of
59	Dated
60	
61	Signature of notarial officer
62	Stamp
63	
64	Title of office
65	My commission expires:
§39-4	I-17. Official stamp.
1	The official stamp of a notary public must:
2	(1) Include the notary public's name, address, jurisdiction,
3	commission expiration date and other information required by
4	the Secretary of State; and
5	(2) Be capable of being copied together with the record to
6	which it is affixed or attached or with which it is logically
7	associated.
§39-4	1-18. Stamping device.
1	(a) A notary public is responsible for the security of the

- 2 notary public's stamping device and may not allow another 3 individual to use the device to perform a notarial act. On 4 resignation from, or the revocation or expiration of, the notary 5 public's commission, or on the expiration of the date set forth in
- 6 the stamping device, the notary public shall disable the stamping
- 7 device by destroying, defacing, damaging, erasing or securing it
- 8 against use in a manner that renders it unusable. On the death or

- 9 adjudication of incompetency of a notary public, the notary
- 10 public's personal representative or guardian or any other person
- 11 knowingly in possession of the stamping device shall render it
- 12 unusable by destroying, defacing, damaging, erasing or securing
- 13 it against use in a manner that renders it unusable.
- (b) If a notary public's stamping device is lost or stolen, the
- 15 notary public or the notary public's personal representative or
- 16 guardian shall notify promptly the Secretary of State on
- 17 discovering that the device is lost or stolen.

§39-4-19. Notification regarding performance of notarial act on electronic record, selection of technology.

- 1 (a) A notary public may select one or more tamper-evident
- 2 technologies to perform notarial acts with respect to electronic
- 3 records. A person may not require a notary public to perform a
- 4 notarial act with respect to an electronic record with a
- 5 technology that the notary public has not selected.
- 6 (b) Before a notary public performs the notary public's
- 7 initial notarial act with respect to an electronic record, a notary
- 8 public shall notify the Secretary of State that the notary public
- 9 will be performing notarial acts with respect to electronic
- 10 records and identify the technology the notary public intends to
- 11 use. If the Secretary of State has established standards for
- 12 approval of technology pursuant to section twenty-five of this
- 13 article, the technology must conform to the standards. If the
- 14 technology conforms to the standards, the Secretary of State
- 15 shall approve the use of the technology.

§39-4-20. Commission as notary public; qualifications; no immunity or benefit; disposition of fees.

- 1 (a) An individual qualified under subsection (b) of this
- 2 section may apply to the Secretary of State for a commission as
- 3 a notary public. The applicant shall comply with and provide the

- 4 information required by rules promulgated by the Secretary of
- 5 State and pay any application fee.
- 6 (b) An applicant for a commission as a notary public must:
- 7 (1) Be at least eighteen years of age;
- 8 (2) Be a citizen or permanent legal resident of the United 9 States:
- 10 (3) Be a resident of or have a place of employment or 11 practice in this state:
- 12 (4) Be able to read and write English;
- 13 (5) Have a high school diploma or its equivalent; and
- 14 (6) Not be disqualified to receive a commission under 15 section twenty-three of this article.
- (c) Before issuance of a commission as a notary public, an
 applicant for the commission shall execute an oath of office and
 submit it to the Secretary of State.
- 19 (d) Before issuance of a commission as a notary public, the 20 applicant for a commission shall submit to the Secretary of State 21 an assurance in the form of: (1) A surety bond or its functional 22 equivalent in the amount of \$1,000; or (2) certification that the 23 applicant is covered under a: (A) Professional liability insurance 24 policy; (B) an errors and omission insurance policy; (C) a 25 commercial general liability insurance policy; or (D) their 26 equivalent, in the amount of \$1,000. The assurance must be 27 issued by a surety or other entity licensed or authorized to do business in this state. The assurance must cover acts performed 29 during the term of the notary public's commission and must be in the form prescribed by the Secretary of State. If a notary 30 public violates law with respect to notaries public in this state, 31 32 the surety or issuing entity is liable under the assurance. The

- 33 notary public shall give thirty days' notice to the Secretary of
- 34 State before canceling any assurance or loss of insurance
- 35 coverage. The surety or issuing entity shall notify the Secretary
- 36 of State not later than thirty days after making a payment to a
- 37 claimant under the assurance. A notary public may perform
- 38 notarial acts in this state only during the period that a valid
- 39 assurance is on file with the Secretary of State.
- 40 (e) On compliance with this section, the Secretary of State
- 41 shall issue a commission as a notary public to an applicant for a
- 42 term of five years.
- 43 (f) A commission to act as a notary public authorizes the
- 44 notary public to perform notarial acts. The commission does not
- 45 provide the notary public any immunity or benefit conferred by
- 46 law of this state on public officials or employees.

§39-4-21. Grounds to deny, refuse to renew, revoke, suspend, or condition commission of notary public.

- 1 (a) The Secretary of State may deny, refuse to renew,
- 2 revoke, suspend or impose a condition on a commission as
- 3 notary public for any act or omission that demonstrates the
- 4 individual lacks the honesty, integrity, competence, or reliability
- 5 to act as a notary public, including:
- 6 (1) Failure to comply with this article;
- 7 (2) A fraudulent, dishonest or deceitful misstatement or
- 8 omission in the application for a commission as a notary public
- 9 submitted to the Secretary of State;
- 10 (3) A conviction of the applicant or notary public of any
- 11 felony or a crime involving fraud, dishonesty or deceit;
- 12 (4) A finding against, or admission of liability by, the
- 13 applicant or notary public in any legal proceeding or disciplinary

- 14 action based on the applicant's or notary public's fraud,
- 15 dishonesty or deceit;
- 16 (5) Failure by the notary public to discharge any duty
- 17 required of a notary public, whether by this article, rules
- 18 promulgated by the Secretary of State, or any federal or state
- 19 law;
- 20 (6) Use of false or misleading advertising or representation
- 21 by the notary public representing that the notary has a duty, right
- 22 or privilege that the notary does not have;
- 23 (7) Violation by the notary public of a rule of the Secretary
- 24 of State regarding a notary public;
- 25 (8) Denial, refusal to renew, revocation, suspension or
- 26 conditioning of a notary public commission in another state;
- 27 (9) Failure of the notary public to maintain an assurance as
- 28 provided in subsection (d), section twenty of this article;
- 29 (10) Charging more than the maximum fees specified in
- 30 section thirty of this article; and
- 31 (11) Failure to notify the Secretary of State of an address or
- 32 name change pursuant to subsection (b), section twenty-two of
- 33 this article.
- 34 (b) If the Secretary of State denies, refuses to renew,
- 35 revokes, suspends or imposes conditions on a commission as a
- 36 notary public, the applicant or notary public is entitled to timely
- 37 notice and hearing in accordance with article five, chapter
- 38 twenty-nine-a of this code.
- 39 (c) The authority of the Secretary of State to deny, refuse to
- 40 renew, suspend, revoke or impose conditions on a commission
- 41 as a notary public does not prevent a person from seeking and
- 42 obtaining other criminal or civil remedies provided by law.

§39-4-22. Database of notaries public.

- 1 (a) The Secretary of State shall maintain an electronic
- 2 database of notaries public:
- 3 (1) Through which a person may verify the authority of a
- 4 notary public to perform notarial acts; and
- 5 (2) Which indicates whether a notary public has notified the
- 6 Secretary of State that the notary public will be performing
- 7 notarial acts on electronic records.
- 8 (b) Not later than thirty days after a notary public either:
- 9 (1) Changes the address of his or her business or residence;
- 10 or
- 11 (2) Changes his or her name, the notary public shall notify
- 12 the Secretary of State of the address or name change.

§39-4-23. Prohibited acts.

- 1 (a) A commission as a notary public does not authorize an
- 2 individual to:
- 3 (1) Assist persons in drafting legal records, give legal advice
- 4 or otherwise practice law;
- 5 (2) Act as an immigration consultant or an expert on
- 6 immigration matters;
- 7 (3) Represent a person in a judicial or administrative
- 8 proceeding relating to immigration to the United States, United
- 9 States citizenship or related matters; or
- 10 (4) Receive compensation for performing any of the
- 11 activities listed in this subsection.
- 12 (b) A notary public may not engage in false or deceptive
- 13 advertising.

- 14 (c) A notary public, other than an attorney licensed to 15 practice law in this state, may not use the term "notario" or 16 "notario publico".
- 17 (d) A notary public, other than an attorney licensed to 18 practice law in this state, may not advertise or represent that the 19 notary public may assist persons in drafting legal records, give 20 legal advice, or otherwise practice law. If a notary public who 21 is not an attorney licensed to practice law in this state in any 22 manner advertises or represents that the notary public offers 23 notarial services, whether orally or in a record, including broadcast media, print media and the internet, the notary public shall include the following statement, or an alternate statement 26 authorized or required by the Secretary of State, in the 27 advertisement or representation, prominently and in each 28 language used in the advertisement or representation: "I am not 29 an attorney licensed to practice law in this state. I am not 30 allowed to draft legal records, give advice on legal matters. 31 including immigration, or charge a fee for those activities". It 32 the form of advertisement or representation is not broadcast 33 media, print media or the internet and does not permit inclusion 34 of the statement required by this subsection because of size, it 35 must be displayed prominently or provided at the place of 36 performance of the notarial act before the notarial act is 37 performed.
- 38 (e) Except as otherwise allowed by law, a notary public may 39 not withhold access to or possession of an original record 40 provided by a person that seeks performance of a notarial act by 41 the notary public.

§39-4-24. Validity of notarial acts.

- 1 Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b), section four
- 2 of this article, the failure of a notarial officer to perform a duty
- 3 or meet a requirement specified in this article does not invalidate
- 4 a notarial act performed by the notarial officer. The validity of
- 5 a notarial act under this article does not prevent an aggrieved

- 6 person from seeking to invalidate the record or transaction that
- 7 is the subject of the notarial act or from seeking other remedies
- 8 based on law of this state other than this article or law of the
- 9 United States. This section does not validate a purported notarial
- 10 act performed by an individual who does not have the authority
- 11 to perform notarial acts.

§39-4-25. Rules.

- 1 (a) The Secretary of State may promulgate rules, in
- 2 accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this
- 3 code, to implement this article. Rules promulgated regarding the
- 4 performance of notarial acts with respect to electronic records
- 5 may not require, or accord greater legal status or effect to, the
- 6 implementation or application of a specific technology or
- 7 technical specification. The rules may:
- 8 (1) Prescribe the manner of performing notarial acts
- 9 regarding tangible and electronic records;
- 10 (2) Include provisions to ensure that any change to or
- 11 tampering with a record bearing a certificate of a notarial act is
- 12 self-evident;
- 13 (3) Include provisions to ensure integrity in the creation,
- 14 transmittal, storage or authentication of electronic records or
- 15 signatures;
- 16 (4) Prescribe the process of granting, renewing,
- 17 conditioning, denying, suspending or revoking a notary public
- 18 commission and assuring the trustworthiness of an individual
- 19 holding a commission as notary public;
- 20 (5) Include provisions to prevent fraud or mistake in the
- 21 performance of notarial acts;
- 22 (6) Establish the process for approving and accepting surety
- 23 bonds and other forms of assurance under subsection (d), section
- 24 twenty of this article; and

- 25 (7) Establish fees, with legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this 26 27 code. Fees collected by the Secretary of State pursuant to section 28 two, article one, chapter fifty-nine of this code shall be deposited 29 by the Secretary of State as follows: One-half shall be deposited 30 in the state general revenue fund and one-half shall be deposited in the service fees and collections account established by section 31 32 two, article one, chapter fifty-nine of this code for the operation 33 of the office of the Secretary of State. The Secretary of State 34 shall dedicate sufficient resources from that fund or other funds 35 to provide the services required by the provisions of article four, 36 chapter thirty-nine of this code.
- 37 (b) In promulgating, amending or repealing rules about 38 notarial acts with respect to electronic records, the Secretary of 39 State shall consider, so far as is consistent with this article:
- 40 (1) The most recent standards regarding electronic records 41 promulgated by national bodies, such as the National 42 Association of Secretaries of State:
- 43 (2) Standards, practices and customs of other jurisdictions 44 that substantially enact this article; and
- 45 (3) The views of governmental officials and entities and other interested persons.

§39-4-26. Notary public commission and commissioner appointment in effect.

- 1 (a) A commission as a notary public in effect on June 30,
- 2 2014, continues until its date of expiration. A notary public who
- 3 applies for a commission as a notary public on or after July 1,
- 4 2014, is subject to and shall comply with this article. A notary
- 5 public, in performing notarial acts on or after July 1, 2014, shall
- 6 comply with this article.
- 7 (b) An appointment as commissioner under the repealed 8 provisions of article four, chapter twenty-nine of this code, in

- 9 effect on June 30, 2014, continues until its date of expiration. A
- 10 commissioner, in performing notarial acts on or after July 1,
- 11 2014, shall comply with this article: Provided, That a person
- 12 holding a commission pursuant to the provisions of article four,
- 13 chapter twenty-nine of this code, on June 30, 2014, is not
- 14 required to obtain or use a stamp required by section seventeen
- 15 of this article, prior to the expiration of that commission.

§39-4-27. Savings clause.

- 1 This article does not affect the validity or effect of a notarial
- 2 act performed before July 1, 2014.

§39-4-28. Uniformity of application and construction.

- 1 In applying and construing this uniform act, consideration
- 2 must be given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with
- 3 respect to its subject matter among states that enact it.

§39-4-29. Relation to Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act.

- 1 This article modifies, limits, and supersedes the Electronic
- 2 Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, 15 U.S.C.
- 3 Section 7001 et seq., but does not modify, limit, or supersede
- 4 Section 101(c) of that act, 15 U. S. C. Section 7001(c), or
- 5 authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices described in
- 6 Section 103(b) of that act, 15 U. S. C. Section 7003(b).

§39-4-30. Maximum fees.

- 1 (a) The maximum fee in this state for notarization of each
- 2 signature and the proper recordation thereof in the journal of
- 3 notarial acts is \$5.00 for each signature notarized.
- 4 (b) The maximum fee in this state for certification of a
- 5 facsimile of a document, retaining a facsimile in the notary's
- 6 file, and the proper recordation thereof in the journal of notarial

- 7 acts is \$5.00 for each eight and one-half by eleven inch page
- 8 retained in the notary's file.
- 9 (c) The maximum fee in this state is \$5.00 for any other notarial act performed.

§39-4-31. Government notaries public.

- 1 (a) State and local government employees may be 2 commissioned as government notaries public to act for and in 3 behalf of their respective state and local government offices.
- 4 (b) A state or local government employee commissioned under this section shall meet the requirements for qualification and appointment prescribed in this article except that the head of the state or local government office where the applicant is employed, or his or her designee, shall execute a certificate that the application is made for the purposes of the office and in the public interest and submit it to the Secretary of State together with the application for appointment as a notary public.
- 12 (c) The costs of application and all notary supplies for a 13 commissioned state or local government employee shall be paid 14 from funds available to the office in which he or she is 15 employed.
- (d) All fees received for notarial services by a government notary public appointed for and in behalf of a state or local government office shall be remitted by him or her to the state or local government office in which he or she is employed.
- 20 (e) A government notary public must comply with all provisions of this article in the performance of notarial acts.
- 22 (f) A government notary public may acknowledge any 23 document required to be acknowledged by a notary public: 24 *Provided*, That a government notary public may not operate 25 privately.

§39-4-32. Liability of notary and of an employer of notary.

- 1 (a) A notary public is liable to the persons involved for all damages proximately caused by the notary's official misconduct.
- 3 (b) The employer of a notary public is also liable to the 4 persons involved for all damages proximately caused by the 5 notary's official misconduct, if:
- 6 (1) The notary public was acting within the scope of his or 7 her employment at the time he or she engaged in the official 8 misconduct; and
- 9 (2) The employer consented to the notary public's official 10 misconduct.
- 11 (c) It is not essential to a recovery of damages that a notary's official misconduct be the only proximate cause of the damages.
- 13 (d) For the purposes of this section, the term "official misconduct" means any act or conduct that:
- 15 (1) May result in the denial, refusal to renew, revocation, 16 suspension or condition commission of a notary public pursuant 17 to section twenty-one of this article; or
- 18 (2) Is prohibited by section twenty-three of this article.

§39-4-33. Criminal penalties.

- 1 (a) A notary public who knowingly and willfully commits
- 2 any official misconduct is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon
- 3 conviction, shall be fined not more than \$5,000 or confined in
- 4 jail not more than one year, or both fined and confined.
- 5 (b) A notary public who recklessly or negligently commits
- 6 any official misconduct is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon
- 7 conviction, shall be fined not more than \$1,000.
- 8 (c) Any person who acts as, or otherwise willfully 9 impersonates, a notary public while not lawfully appointed and

- 10 commissioned to perform notarial acts is guilty of a
- 11 misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than
- 12 \$5,000 or confined in jail not more than one year, or both fined
- 13 and confined.
- 14 (d) Any person who unlawfully possesses a notary's official
- 15 seal or any papers or copies relating to notarial acts, is guilty of
- 16 a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more
- 17 than \$1,000.
- 18 (e) For the purposes of this section, the term "official
- 19 misconduct" means any act or conduct that:
- 20 (1) May result in the denial, refusal to renew, revocation,
- 21 suspension or condition commission of a notary public pursuant
- 22 to section twenty-one of this article; or
- 23 (2) Is prohibited by section twenty-three of this article.

§39-4-34. Action for injunction; unauthorized practice of law.

- 1 Upon his or her own information or upon complaint of any
- 2 person, the Attorney General, or his or her designee, may
- 3 maintain an action for injunctive relief in circuit court against
- 4 any notary public who renders, offers to render or holds himself
- 5 or herself out as rendering any service constituting the
- 6 unauthorized practice of the law. Any organized bar association
- 7 in this state may intervene in the action, at any stage of the
- 8 proceeding, for good cause shown. The action may also be
- 9 maintained by an organized bar association in this state or by the
- 10 Secretary of State.

§39-4-35. Administrative complaints and investigations.

- 1 (a) In addition to the powers and duties contained in this
- 2 article, the Secretary of State may:
- 3 (1) Investigate, upon complaint or on his or her own
- 4 initiative, any alleged violations or irregularities of this article.

- 5 (2) Administer oaths and affirmations, issue subpoenas for
- 6 the attendance of witnesses, issue subpoenas duces tecum to
- 7 compel the production of books, papers, records and all other
- 8 evidence necessary to any investigation.
- 9 (3) Involve the aid of any circuit court in the execution of its subpoena power.
- 11 (4) Report any alleged violations of this article to the
- 12 appropriate prosecuting attorney having jurisdiction, which
- 13 prosecuting attorney shall present to the grand jury the alleged
- 14 violations, together with all evidence relating thereto, no later
- 15 than the next term of court after receiving the report.
- 16 (b) The Attorney General shall, when requested, provide legal and investigative assistance to the Secretary of State.

§39-4-36. Secretary of State record retention.

- 1 (a) The provisions of subsection (c), section three, article
- 2 two, chapter five of this code notwithstanding, the Secretary of
- 3 State may destroy original records of appointment under this
- 4 article after expiration of the term of a notary public: Provided,
- 5 That the Secretary of State maintains an electronic copy of the
- 6 appointment for a minimum of ten years after the expiration of
- 7 the term of the notary public.
- 8 (b) The Secretary of State may destroy any original journals
- 9 of notarial acts in his or her possession: Provided, That an
- 10 electronic copy is maintained in accordance with the retention
- 11 rules of the Department of Administration.

CHAPTER 57. EVIDENCE AND WITNESSES.

ARTICLE 4. DEPOSITIONS AND PERPETUATION OF TESTIMONY.

§57-4-2. Taking and certification of depositions — Out-of state and in foreign countries.

- On affidavit that a witness resides out of this state, or is out
- 2 of it in the service thereof, or of the United States, or is out of

- 3 this state and for justifiable reasons will probably be out of this
- 4 state until after the trial of the case in which his or her testimony
- 5 is needed, his or her deposition may be taken by or before any
- 6 justice, notary public or other officer authorized to take
- 7 depositions in the state wherein the witness may be, or, if the
- 8 deposition is to be taken in a foreign country, by or before such
- 9 commissioner or commissioners as may be agreed upon by the
- 10 parties or appointed by the court, or, if there be none such, by or
- 11 before any American minister, plenipotentiary, charge d'affaires,
- 12 consul general, consul, vice consul, consular agent, vice deputy
- 13 consular agent, commercial agent or vice commercial agent,
- 14 appointed by the government of the United States, or by or
- 15 before the mayor or other chief magistrate of any city, town or
- 16 corporation in the country or any notary public therein. Any
- 17 person or persons taking the deposition may administer an oath
- 18 to the witness and take and certify the deposition with his or her
- 19 official seal annexed, and if he or she have none, the genuineness
- 20 of his or her signature shall be authenticated by some officer of
- 21 the same state or country, under his or her official seal.

ARTICLE 5. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

- §57-5-9. Administration of oaths or taking of affidavits; authentication of affidavit made in another state or country; oaths and affidavits of persons in military service.
 - 1 Any judge of this state may administer any oath that is or
 - 2 may be lawful for any person to take, including oaths of office,
 - 3 and also may swear any person to an affidavit, and administer an
 - 4 oath to any person in any proceeding.
 - 5 Any oath or affidavit required by law, which is not of such
 - 6 a nature that it must be made otherwise or elsewhere may, unless
 - 7 otherwise provided, be administered by, or made before, a
 - 8 county commissioner, notary public, or by the clerk of any court,
 - 9 or, in case of a survey directed by a court in a case therein

pending, by or before the surveyor directed to execute said orderof survey.

An affidavit may also be made before any officer of another state or country authorized by its laws to administer an oath, and shall be deemed duly authenticated if it be subscribed by the officer, with his or her official seal annexed, and if he or she have none, the genuineness of his or her signature, and his or her authority to administer an oath, shall be authenticated by some officer of the same state or country under his or her official seal.

19 Any oath or affidavit required of a person in the military 20 service of the United States (including the Women's Army 21 Corps, Women's Appointed Volunteers for Emergency Service, 22 Army Nurse Corps, Spars, Women's Reserve or similar 23 women's auxiliary unit officially connected with the military 24 service of the United States), may be administered by or made 25 before any commissioned officer of any branch of the military 26 service of the United States, or any auxiliary unit officially 27 connected with the military service. Such oath may be taken or 28 affidavit made at any place either within or outside the United 29 States of America, or any territory, possession or dependency 30 thereof. The jurat to the oath and certificate to the affidavit need 31 not state the place where the same is taken and shall require no 32 seal to be affixed thereto. The certificate of the officer before 33 whom the oath is taken or affidavit is made must state his or her rank, branch of military service, and identification number, and 35 the certificate may be substantially in form and effect as follows:

36 IN THE MILITARY SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES:

I,, being duly sworn on oath (affirmation), do
swear (affirm) that I am a member of the military service of the
United States (or of, an auxiliary to the military forces
of the United States); that ***, etc.

41

42 43 44 45 46	Taken, subscribed and sworn to before me,, a commissioned officer in the
47	
48	(Signature of officer)
49	
50	(Rank) (Identification Number)
51	Any oath or affidavit heretofore taken or made by any
52	person in the military service in substantial compliance with this
53	section shall be valid.
	CHAPTER 59. FEES, ALLOWANCES AND COSTS; NEWSPAPERS; LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.
ARTI	CLE 1. FEES AND ALLOWANCES.
§59-	1-2. Fees to be charged by Secretary of State.
1	(a) Except as may be otherwise provided in this code, the
1 2	(a) Except as may be otherwise provided in this code, the Secretary of State shall charge for services rendered in his or her
	(a) Except as may be otherwise provided in this code, the Secretary of State shall charge for services rendered in his or her office the following fees to be paid by the person to whom the
2	Secretary of State shall charge for services rendered in his or her
2 3 4	Secretary of State shall charge for services rendered in his or her office the following fees to be paid by the person to whom the service is rendered at the time it is done:
2 3 4 5	Secretary of State shall charge for services rendered in his or her office the following fees to be paid by the person to whom the service is rendered at the time it is done: (1) For filing, recording, indexing, preserving a record of
2 3 4 5 6	Secretary of State shall charge for services rendered in his or her office the following fees to be paid by the person to whom the service is rendered at the time it is done: (1) For filing, recording, indexing, preserving a record of and issuing a certificate relating to the formation, amendment,
2 3 4 5 6 7	Secretary of State shall charge for services rendered in his or her office the following fees to be paid by the person to whom the service is rendered at the time it is done: (1) For filing, recording, indexing, preserving a record of and issuing a certificate relating to the formation, amendment, change of name, registration of trade name, merger,
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Secretary of State shall charge for services rendered in his or her office the following fees to be paid by the person to whom the service is rendered at the time it is done: (1) For filing, recording, indexing, preserving a record of and issuing a certificate relating to the formation, amendment, change of name, registration of trade name, merger, consolidation, conversion, renewal, dissolution, termination,
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Secretary of State shall charge for services rendered in his or her office the following fees to be paid by the person to whom the service is rendered at the time it is done: (1) For filing, recording, indexing, preserving a record of and issuing a certificate relating to the formation, amendment, change of name, registration of trade name, merger, consolidation, conversion, renewal, dissolution, termination, cancellation, withdrawal revocation and reinstatement of
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Secretary of State shall charge for services rendered in his or her office the following fees to be paid by the person to whom the service is rendered at the time it is done: (1) For filing, recording, indexing, preserving a record of and issuing a certificate relating to the formation, amendment, change of name, registration of trade name, merger, consolidation, conversion, renewal, dissolution, termination,

13	(B) Articles of incorporation of nonprofit corporation
14	
15	(C) Articles of organization of limited liability company
16	
17	(D) Agreement of a general partnership 50.00
18	(E) Certificate of a limited partnership 100.00
• •	50.00
19	(F) Agreement of a voluntary association 50.00
20	(C) Articles of arganization of a hyginess trust 50.00
20	(G) Articles of organization of a business trust 50.00
21	(H) Amendment or correction of articles of incorporation
22	including change of name or increase of capital stock, in addition
23	to any applicable license tax
24	(I) Amendment or correction, including change of name, of
25	articles of organization of business trust, limited liability
26	partnership. limited liability company or professional limited
27	liability company or of certificate of limited partnership or
28	agreement of voluntary association
29	(J) Amendment and restatement of articles of incorporation,
30	certificate of limited partnership, agreement of voluntary
31	association or articles of organization of limited liability
32	partnership, limited liability company or professional limited
33	liability company or business trust
2.4	(IX) Deliver of the second of
34	(K) Registration of trade name, otherwise designated as a
35	true name, fictitious name or D.B.A. (doing business as) name
36	for any domestic business entity as permitted by law 25.00
37	(L) Articles of merger of two corporations, limited
38	partnerships, limited liability partnerships, limited liability
39	companies or professional limited liability companies, voluntary
40	associations or business trusts 25.00
TI	associations of Dustiess Husis (2).00

41 (M) Plus for each additional party to the merger in excess of
42 two
42 (ND Statement of conversion when normitted from on
43 (N) Statement of conversion, when permitted, from on 44 business entity into another business entity, in addition to th
45 cost of filing the appropriate documents to organize th
46 surviving entity
40 Surviving Charty
47 (O) Articles of dissolution of a corporation, voluntar
48 association or business trust, or statement of dissolution of
49 general partnership
50 (P) Revocation of voluntary dissolution of a corporation
51 voluntary association or business trust
52 (Q) Articles of termination of a limited liability company
53 cancellation of a limited partnership or statement of withdrawa
54 of limited liability partnership
55 (R) Reinstatement of a limited liability company of
56 professional limited liability company after administrativ
57 dissolution
58 (2) For filing, recording, indexing, preserving a record of
59 and issuing a certificate relating to the registration, amendmen
60 change of name, merger, consolidation, conversion, renewa
61 withdrawal or termination within this state of business entities
62 organized in other states or countries, as follows:
oz organizou in omor bundo or committee, no reme noi
63 (A) Certificate of authority of for-profit corporation
64 \$100.0
(B) Certificate of authority of nonprofit corporation
66 50.0
67 (C) Certificate of authority of foreign limited liability
68 companies

69 70	(D) Certificate of exemption from certificate of authority
71	(E) Registration of a general partnership 50.00
72	(F) Registration of a limited partnership 150.00
73 74	(G) Registration of a limited liability partnership for two-year term
75	(H) Registration of a voluntary association 50.00
76	(I) Registration of a trust or business trust 50.00
77	(J) Amendment or correction of certificate of authority of a
78	foreign corporation, including change of name or increase of
79	capital stock, in addition to any applicable license tax 25.00
80	(K) Amendment or correction of certificate of limited
81	partnership, limited liability partnership, limited liability
82	company or professional limited liability company, voluntary
83	association or business trust
84	(L) Registration of trade name, otherwise designated as a
85	true name, fictitious name or D.B.A. (doing business as) name
86	for any foreign business entity as permitted by law 25.00
87	(M) Amendment and restatement of certificate of authority
88	or of registration of a corporation, limited partnership, limited
89	liability partnership, limited liability company or professional
90	limited liability company, voluntary association or business trust
91	
92	(N) Articles of merger of two corporations, limited
93	partnerships, limited liability partnerships, limited liability
94	companies or professional limited liability companies, voluntary
95	associations or business trusts

96 97	of two
98	(P) Statement of conversion, when permitted, from one
99	business entity into another business entity, in addition to the
100	cost of filing the appropriate articles or certificate to organize the
101	surviving entity
102	(Q) Certificate of withdrawal or cancellation of a
103	corporation, limited partnership, limited liability partnership,
104	limited liability company, voluntary association or business trust
105	
106	Notwithstanding any other provision of this section to the
107	contrary, after June 30, 2008, the fees described in this
80	subdivision that are collected for the issuance of a certificate
109	relating to the initial registration of a corporation, limited
10	partnership, domestic limited liability company or foreign
111	limited liability company shall be deposited in the general
112	administrative fees account established by this section.
113	(3) For receiving, filing and recording a change of the
114	principal or designated office, change of the agent of process
115	and/or change of officers, directors, partners, members or
116	managers, as the case may be, of a corporation, limited
117	partnership, limited liability partnership, limited liability
118	company or other business entity as provided by law \$15.00
119	(4) For receiving, filing and preserving a reservation of a
120	name for each one hundred twenty days or for any other period
121	in excess of seven days prescribed by law for a corporation,
122	limited partnership, limited liability partnership or limited
123	liability company
124	(5) For issuing a certificate relating to a corporation or other
125	business entity, as follows:
126	(A) Certificate of good standing of a domestic or foreign
127	corporation\$10.00

128 (B) Certificate of existence of a domestic limited liability 129 company, and certificate of authorization foreign limited liability 130 company
131 (C) Certificate of existence of any business entity, trademark 132 or service mark registered with the Secretary of State 10.00
133 (D) Certified copy of corporate charter or comparable organizing documents for other business entities 15.00
135 (E) Plus, for each additional amendment, restatement or other additional document
137 (F) Certificate of registration of the name of a foreign 138 corporation, limited liability company, limited partnership or 139 limited liability partnership
140 (G) And for the annual renewal of the name registration 141
142 (H) Any other certificate not specified in this subdivision 143
144 (6) For issuing a certificate other than those relating to business entities, as provided in this subsection, as follows:
(A) Certificate or apostille relating to the authority of certain public officers, including the membership of boards and commissions
(B) Plus, for each additional certificate pertaining to the same transaction
151 (C) Any other certificate not specified in this 152 subdivision
(D) For acceptance, indexing and recordation of service of process any corporation, limited partnership, limited liability partnership, limited liability company, voluntary association,

156	business trust, insurance company, person or other entity as
157	permitted by law
158	(E) For shipping and handling expenses for execution of
159	service of process by certified mail upon any defendant within
160	the United States, which fee is to be deposited to the special
161	revenue account established in this section for the operation of
162	the office of the Secretary of State 5.00
163	(F) For shipping and handling expenses for execution of
164	service of process upon any defendant outside the United States
165	by registered mail, which fee is to be deposited to the special
166	revenue account established in this section for the operation of
167	the office of the Secretary of State
168	(7) For a search of records of the office conducted by
169	employees of or at the expense of the Secretary of State upon
170	request, as follows:
171	(A) For any search of archival records maintained at sites
172	other than the office of the Secretary of State no less than
173	\$10.00
174	(B) For searches of archival records maintained at sites other
175	than the office of the Secretary of State which require more than
176	one hour, for each hour or fraction of an hour consumed in
177	making a search
178	(C) For any search of records maintained on site for the
179	purpose of obtaining copies of documents or printouts of data
180	5.00
181	(D) For any search of records maintained in electronic
182	format which requires special programming to be performed by
183	the state information services agency or other vendor any actual
184	cost, but not less than

185 186 187	copies or printouts prepared or any certificate issued pursuant to
188 189	
190 191	(8) For producing and providing photocopies or printouts of electronic data of specific records upon request, as follows:
192 193	(A) For a copy of any paper or printout of electronic data, it one sheet
194	(B) For each sheet after the first
195 196	(C) For sending the copies or lists by fax transmission
197 198 199 200 201	(D) For producing and providing photocopies of lists, reports, guidelines and other documents produced in multiple copies for general public use, a publication price to be established by the Secretary of State at a rate approximating 2.00 plus .10 per page and rounded to the nearest dollar.
202 203 204 205	(E) For electronic copies of records obtained in data format on disk, the cost of the record in the least expensive available printed format, plus, for each required disk, which shall be provided by the Secretary of State 5.00
206 207 208 209	(b) The Secretary of State may propose legislative rules for promulgation for charges for on-line electronic access to database information or other information maintained by the Secretary of State.
210 211 212	(c) For any other work or service not enumerated in this subsection, the fee prescribed elsewhere in this code or a rule promulgated under the authority of this code.

- 213 (d) The records maintained by the Secretary of State are 214 prepared and indexed at the expense of the state and those 215 records shall not be obtained for commercial resale without the 216 written agreement of the state to a contract including 217 reimbursement to the state for each instance of resale.
- (e) The Secretary of State may provide printed or electronic information free of charge as he or she considers necessary and efficient for the purpose of informing the general public or the news media.
- 222 (f) There is hereby continued in the State Treasury a special revenue account to be known as the "service fees and 223 224 collections" account. Expenditures from the account shall be used for the operation of the office of the Secretary of State and 225 226 are not authorized from collections, but are to be made only in 227 accordance with appropriation by the Legislature and in 228 accordance with the provisions of article three, chapter twelve of 229 this code and upon the fulfillment of the provisions set forth in 230 article two, chapter five-a of this code. Notwithstanding any 231 other provision of this code to the contrary, except as provided 232 in subsection (h) of this section and section two-a of this article. 233 one half of all the fees and service charges established in the 234 following sections and for the following purposes shall be 235 deposited by the Secretary of State or other collecting agency to 236 that special revenue account and used for the operation of the 237 office of the Secretary of State:
 - (1) The annual attorney-in-fact fee for corporations and limited partnerships established in section five, article twelve-c, chapter eleven of this code;

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- 241 (2) The fees received for the sale of the State Register, code 242 of state rules and other copies established by rule and authorized 243 by section seven, article two, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code;
- 244 (3) The registration fees, late fees and legal settlements 245 charged for registration and enforcement of the charitable

- organizations and professional solicitations established in sections five, nine and fifteen-b, article nineteen, chapter twenty-nine of this code;
- 249 (4) The annual attorney-in-fact fee for limited liability 250 companies as designated in section one hundred eight, article one, chapter thirty-one-b of this code and established in section 251 252 two hundred eleven, article two of said chapter: Provided, That 253 after June 30, 2008, the annual report fees designated in section 254 one hundred eight, article one, chapter thirty-one-b of this code 255 shall upon collection be deposited in the general administrative 256 fees account described in subsection (h) of this section;
- 257 (5) The filing fees and search and copying fees for uniform 258 commercial code transactions established by section five 259 hundred twenty-five, article nine, chapter forty-six of this code;
- 260 (6) The annual attorney-in-fact fee for licensed insurers 261 established in section twelve, article four, chapter thirty-three of 262 this code:
- 263 (7) The fees for the application and record maintenance of 264 all notaries public established by section twenty, article four, 265 chapter thirty-nine of this code.
- 266 (8) The fees for registering credit service organizations as 267 established by section five, article six-c, chapter forty-six-a of 268 this code;
- 269 (9) The fees for registering and renewing a West Virginia 270 limited liability partnership as established by section one, article 271 ten, chapter forty-seven-b of this code;
- 272 (10) The filing fees for the registration and renewal of 273 trademarks and service marks established in section seventeen, 274 article two, chapter forty-seven of this code;

- 275 (11) All fees for services, the sale of photocopies and data 276 maintained at the expense of the Secretary of State as provided 277 in this section; and
- 278 (12) All registration, license and other fees collected by the 279 Secretary of State not specified in this section.
- 280 (g) Any balance in the service fees and collections account 281 established by this section which exceeds five hundred thousand 282 dollars as of June 30, 2003, and each year thereafter, shall be 283 expired to the state fund, General Revenue Fund.
- 284 (h)(1) Effective July 1, 2008, there is hereby created in the 285 State Treasury a special revenue account to be known as the 286 general administrative fees account. Expenditures from the 287 account shall be used for the operation of the office of the 288 Secretary of State and are not authorized from collections, but 289 are to be made only in accordance with appropriation by the 290 Legislature and in accordance with the provisions of article 291 three, chapter twelve of this code and upon the fulfillment of the 292 provisions set forth in article two, chapter eleven-b of this code: 293 Provided, That for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, 294 expenditures are authorized from collections rather than pursuant 295 to an appropriation by the Legislature. Any balance in the 296 account at the end of each fiscal year shall not revert to the 297 General Revenue Fund but shall remain in the fund and be 298 expended as provided by this subsection.
 - (2) After June 30, 2008, all the fees and service charges established in section two-a of this article for the following purposes shall be collected and deposited by the Secretary of State or other collecting agency in the general administrative fees account and used for the operation of the office of the Secretary of State:

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305 (A) The annual report fees paid to the Secretary of State by 306 corporations, limited partnerships, domestic limited liability 307 companies and foreign limited liability companies;

- 308 (B) The fees for the issuance of a certificate relating to the 309 initial registration of a corporation, limited partnership, domestic 310 limited liability company or foreign limited liability company 311 described in subdivision (2), subsection (a) of this section; and
- 312 (C) The fees for the purchase of date and updates related to 313 the State's Business Organizations Database described in section 314 two-a of this article.
- 315 (i) There is continued in the office of the Secretary of State 316 a noninterest-bearing, escrow account to be known as the 317 "prepaid fees and services account". This account shall be for the 318 purpose of allowing customers of the Secretary of State to prepay for services, with payment to be held in escrow until 319 320 services are rendered. Payments deposited in the account shall 321 remain in the account until services are rendered by the 322 Secretary of State and at that time the fees will be reallocated to 323 the appropriate general or special revenue accounts. There shall 324 be no fee charged by the Secretary of State to the customer for 325 the use of this account and the customer may request the return 326 of any moneys maintained in the account at any time without 327 penalty. The assets of the prepaid fees and services account do 328 not constitute public funds of the state and are available solely 329 for carrying out the purposes of this section.

47 [Enr. Com. Sub. For H. B. No. 4012

That Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Surmy wells
Chairman, House Committee
Member - Engirman, Senate Committee
Originating in the House.
In effect July 1, 2014.
Sugar Do. Say
Clerk of the House of Delegates
Jaseph W. Winard
Clerk of the Senate Turky Musy
Speaker of the House off Delegates
President of the Senate
The within <u>way are this the</u> 2PVL day of, 2014.
Oil Pay built

PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR

12.2 2 8 2014

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